

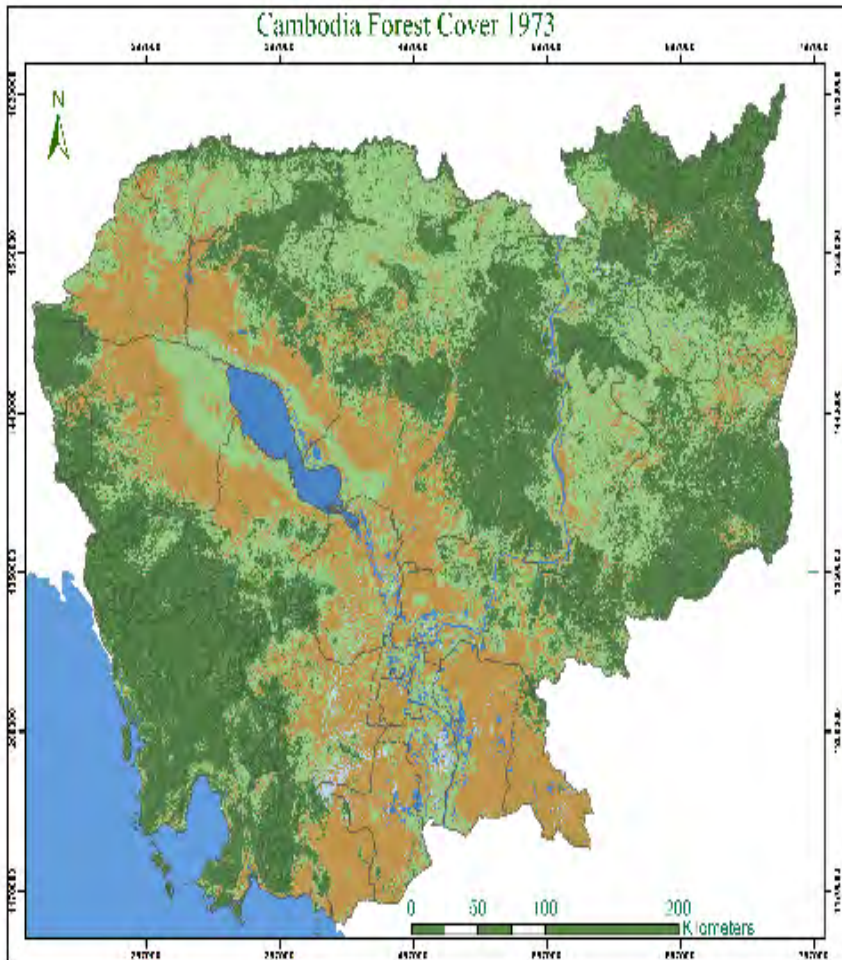


Collaborative Manegamnet for Watershed and Ecosystem Service Protection and Rehabilitation in the Cardamom Mountains, Upper Prek Thnot River Basin (COWES)

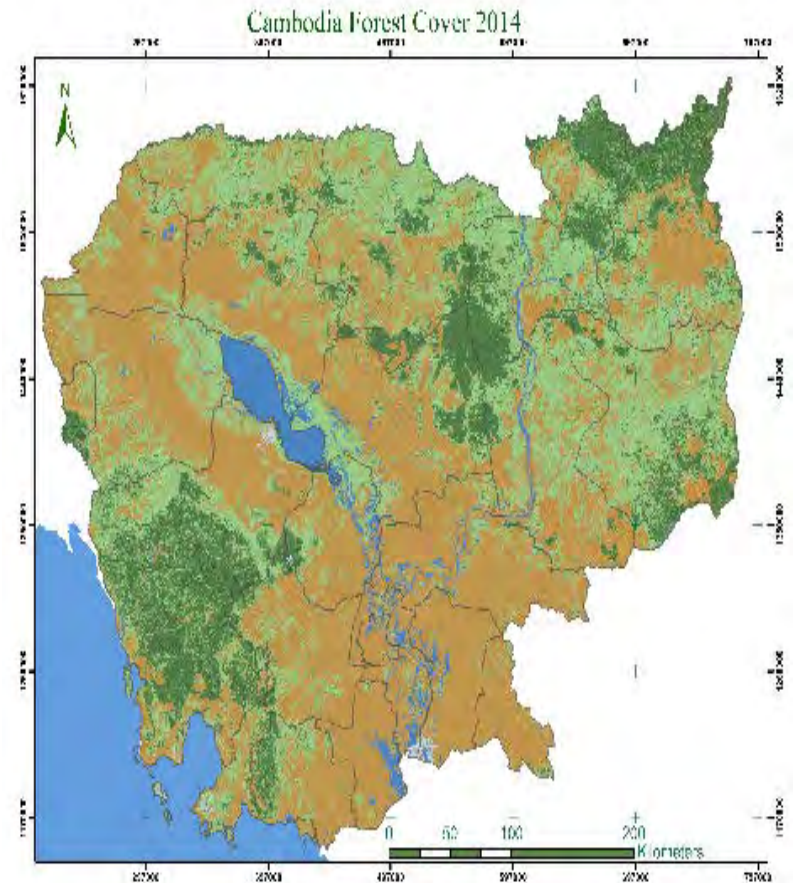
Yunnan, 13 – 15 June 2017

Contens

1. Rational
2. Project Strategy and ToC
3. Conformity
4. Project Objective Team Structure
5. Project Budget

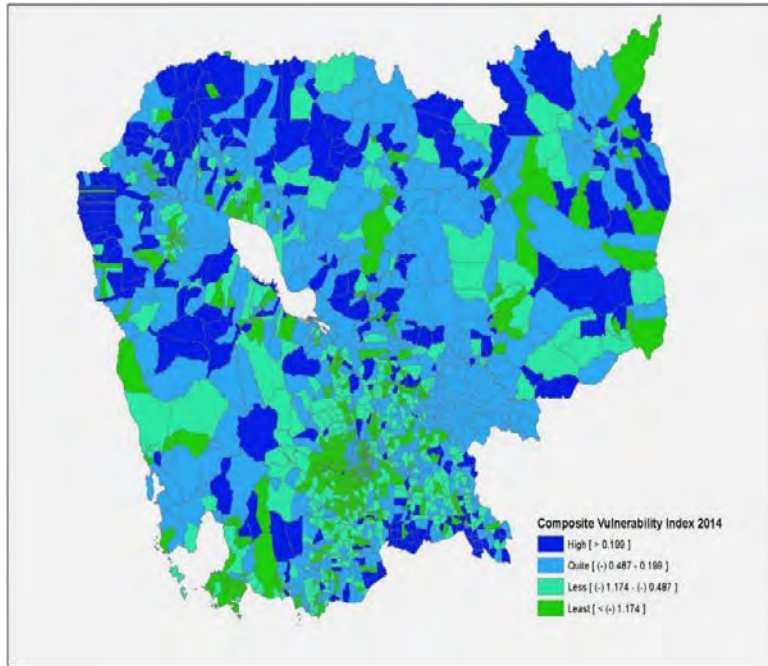


72% in 1973 (ODC)

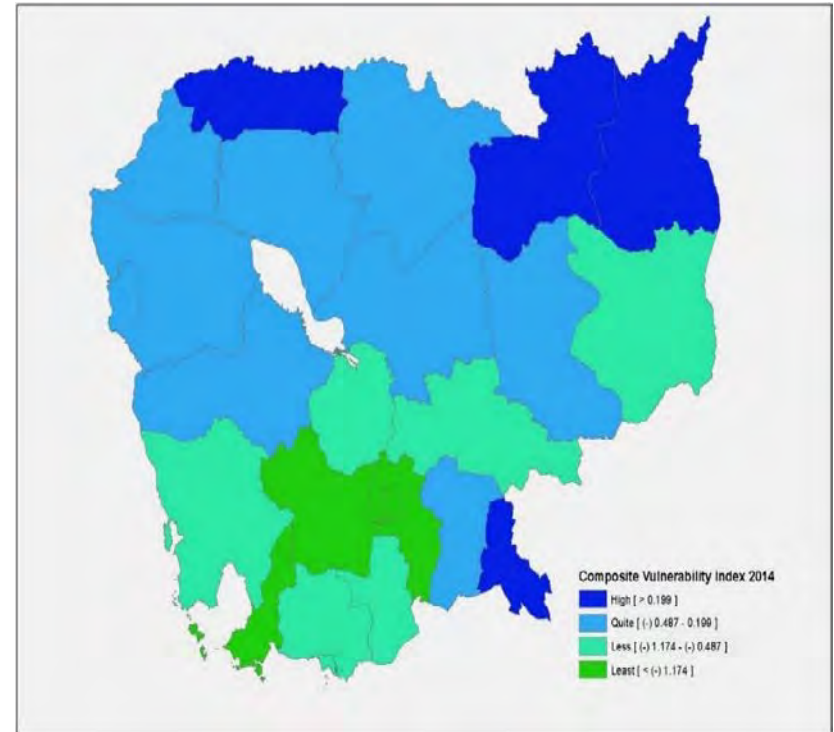


**About 50% in 2014 (FA)
cf. 57% in 2011(FA)**

49% of total communes are vulnerable to climate change (2014)



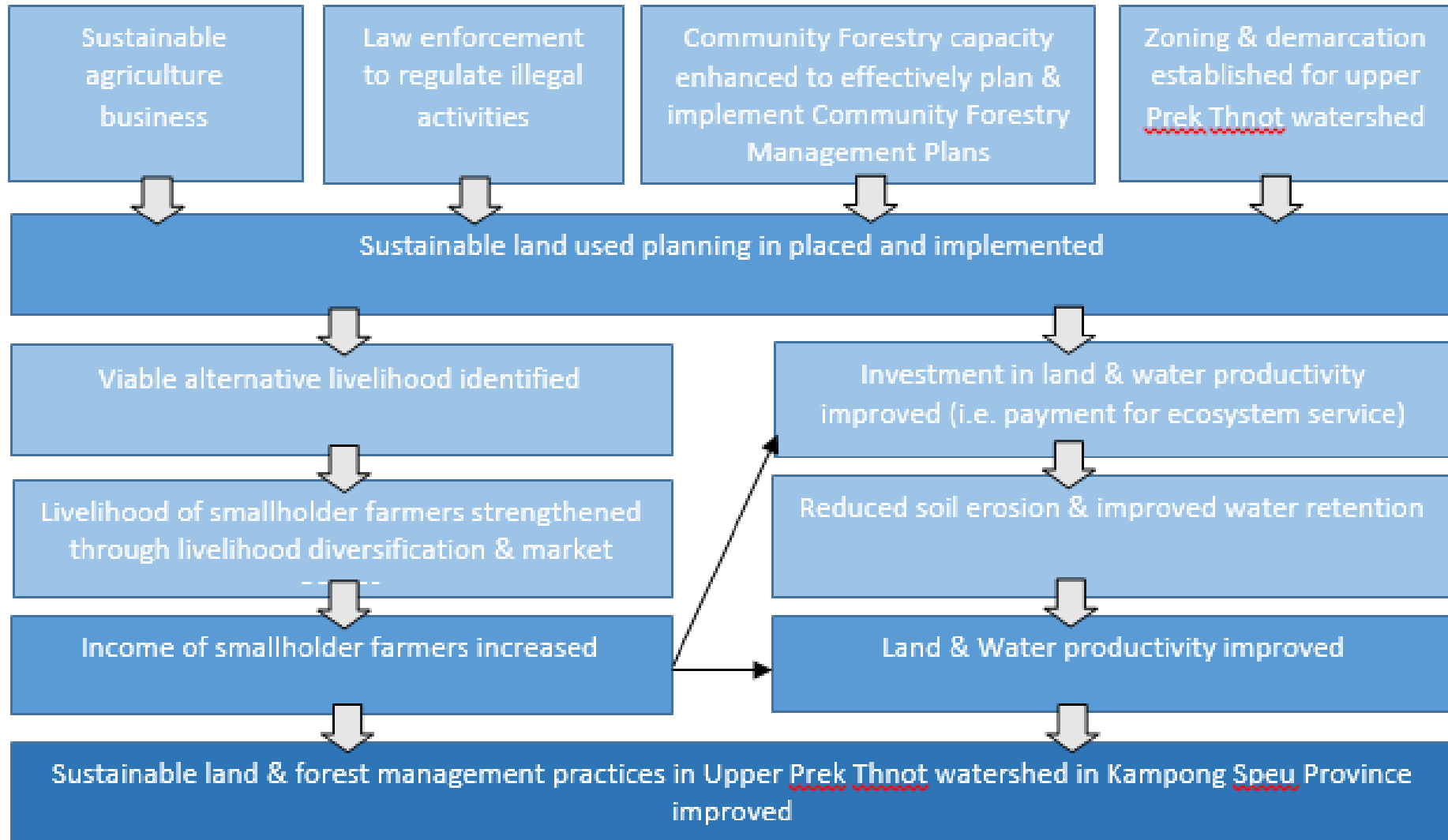
IIED, 2016



Scaling up from SLM UNDP GEF 4

- Building on UNDP/MAFF GEF 4 on Building Capacity and Mainstreaming Sustainable Land Management Project (2008 - 2011):
 - National Action Programme for land degradation (draft)
 - Integrating SLM into sub - national planning (including the awareness of SLM approach and actual practice)

Theory of Change

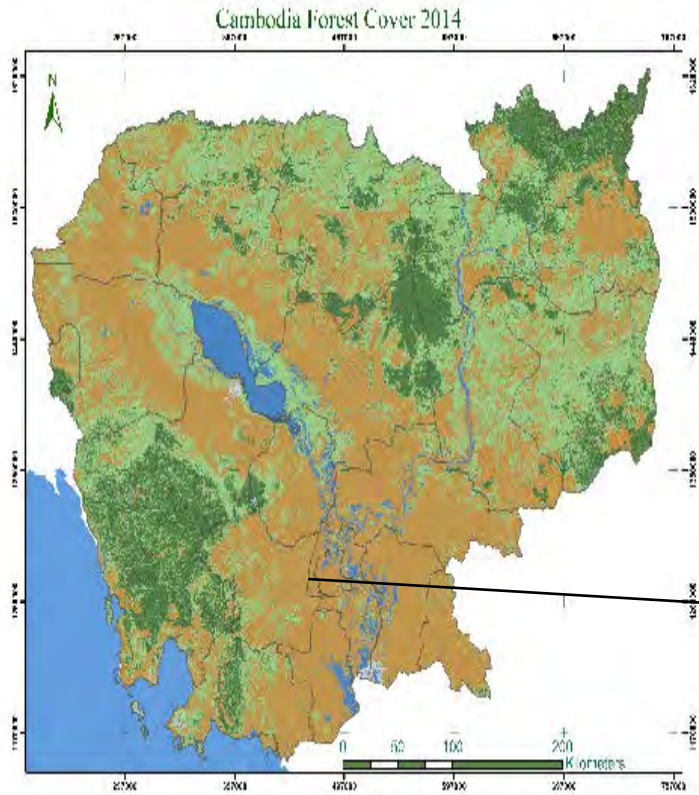


Conformity

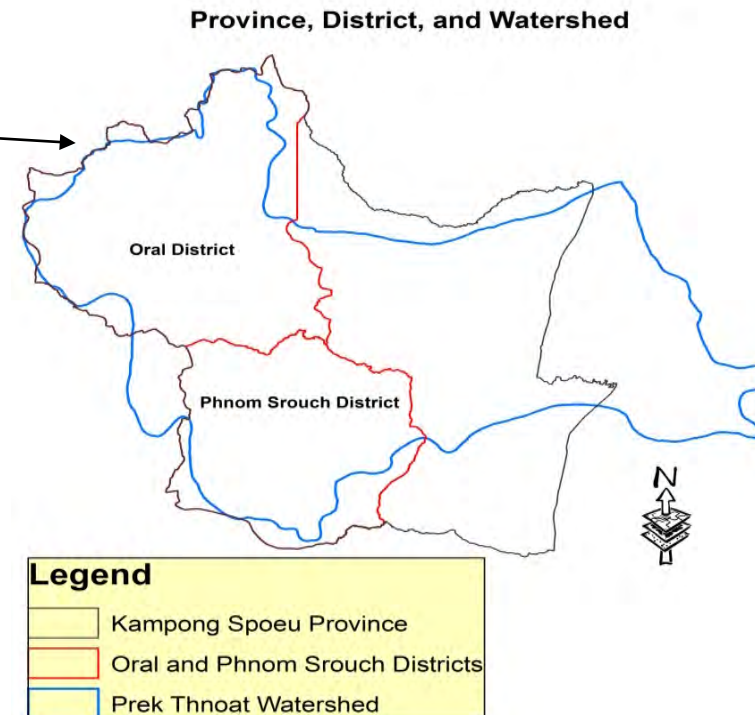
- The Rectangular Strategy III
- National Strategic Development Plan (NSDP) 2014 - 2018
- Draft National Action Plan to Combat Land Degradation (NAP) 2017 to 2026
- Cambodia Climate Change Strategic Plan (CCCSP) 2014 - 2023
- MAFF Climate Change Strategic Plan

- Agricultural Sector Strategic Development Plan (2014 - 2018)
- SDG 13: Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts
- SDG 15: Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystem, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss

Target Area



Watershed Boundary in Kampong Speu Province



Project Objectives

⑩ Objective: To restore and maintain forest cover and watershed stability functions while providing for sustainable livelihoods and ecosystem services in the Upper Prek Thnot Watershed

⑩ Outcome: Sustainable land and forest management practices in Upper Prek Thnot watershed in Kampong Speu Province improved

⑩ Duration: 2017 - 2020

Project Components

ការកែលម្អ ឬ បង្កើន ការអភិរក្សសាច់ដី ១១ ទៅ តាមកសិដ្ឋាន (ជីវសាស្ត្រ ចម្ការ) និងការអនុវត្តទ្វេភាព សិប្បកម្ម Component 1: On-farm soil conservation and agro-forestry practices improved

- Improved on-farm productivity for smallholder farmers
- Diversification of livelihood activities and increased average gross income per household
- One PPP case study developed as model for applying good practices in watershed management, which features socially responsible investments by private company, engagement with local community, and enabling support from national and local governments

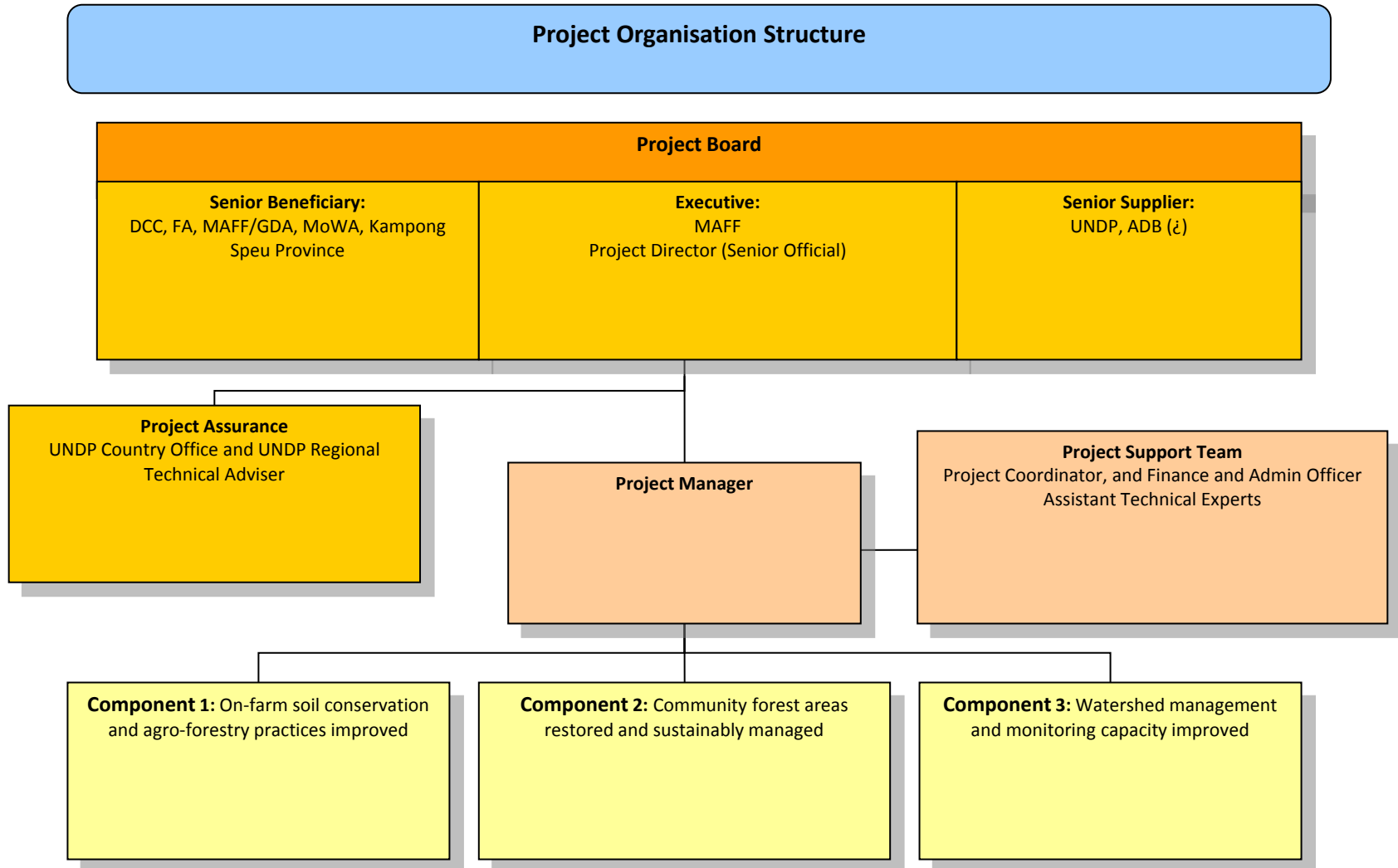
ការស្តារ និងគ្រប់គ្រងឲ្យមាននិរន្តរភាពនូវតំបន់ សហគមន៍ព្រៃឈើ Component 2: Community forest areas restored and sustainably managed

- Improved management of commune forest based on land use management plan, strengthened law enforcement, conservation/sustainable use activities leading to increased forest and vegetation cover as 10% of baseline
- Diversification of livelihood activities and increased average gross income per participating household (forest dependence households)

ការបង្កើនសមត្ថភាពក្នុងការគ្រប់គ្រង និងត្រួតពិនិត្យស្ថានភាពទីជម្រាល Component 3: Watershed management and monitoring capacity improved

- Regulatory, legal and administrative mechanisms for a multi-stakeholder provincial body to manage Prek Thnot watershed
- Measurement parameters for sustainable development of soil, water, land and forests, defined and included in a functional monitoring and evaluation system at the provincial level in Kampong Speu

Project Structure



Project Budget

Components/Outcomes	Budget			Total
	Y1	Y2	Y3	
Component 1	113,000	179,100	89,000	381,100
Component 2	97,000	158,500	131,683	387,183
Component 3	58,600	191,334	127,700	377,634
Management Cost	46,000	28,000	31,000	105,000
Total	314,600	556,934	379,383	1,250,917

